**JAVA FSD Phase 2**

**Day 8th (3 Nov 2022)**

Self Learning: SQL Training

Phase 2:

* JDBC
* Hibernate Framework

**SQL** (Structured Query Language)

**Query:** Statements that you write to interact with your database

**RDBMS:** Relational Database Management System

MySQL, MS Access, Oracle, Sybase

Create/Form relations between different entities/tables

**SQL Commands**

**DDL: Data Definition Language**

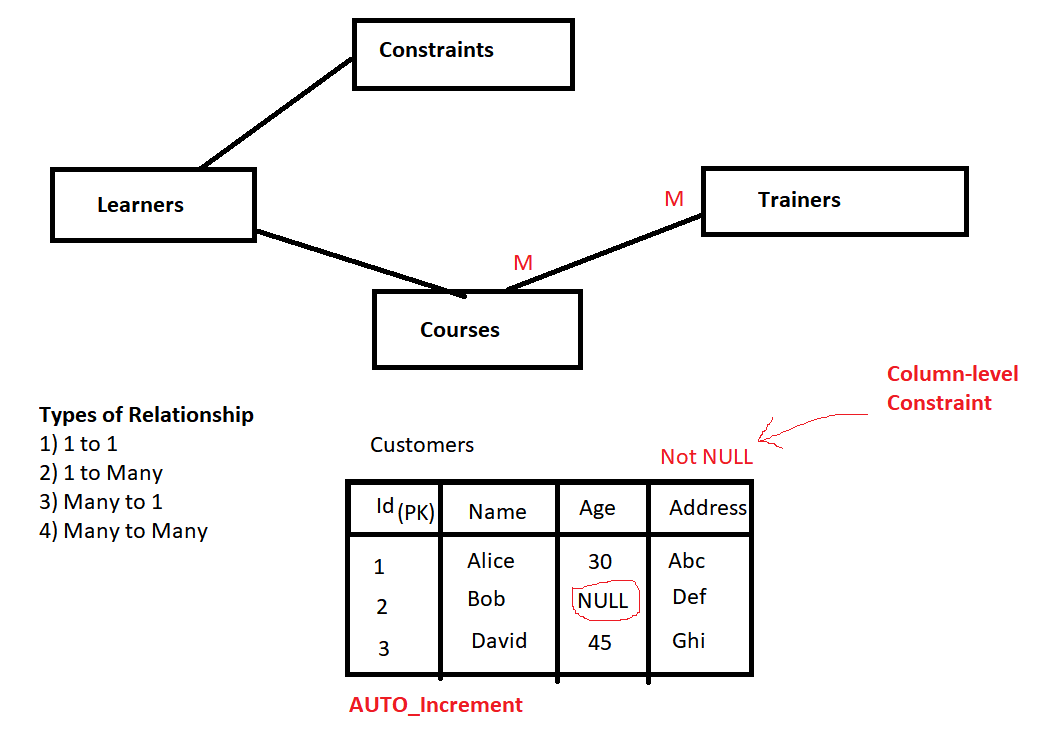
1. Create
2. Alter
3. Drop

**DML: Data Manipulation Language**

1. Select
2. Insert
3. Update
4. Delete

**DCL: Data Control Lang**

1. Grant: Give privilege to user
2. Revoke: Take back privilege from the user



**Syntax to write SQL Queries**

**DATABASE**

**Create Database**

CREATE DATABASE database\_name;

**Drop Database**

DROP DATABASE database\_name

**Use Database**

USE database\_name;

**TABLE**

1. View the records from the table

SELECT column1, column2, column3

FROM table\_name;

SELECT Id, name, age

FROM Customers;

SELECT \*

FROM Customers;

*\* indicates ALL*

SELECT \*

FROM Customers

WHERE age < 30;

*Where clause is used for specifying the condition*

*<,>, <=, >= !=, ==*

SELECT \*

FROM Customers

WHERE age < 30 AND|OR salary > 1200

SELECT \*

FROM Customers

WHERE name LIKE ‘A%’ % represents one or many characters

Patters used to match the String value using LIKE Operator

1. **Insert into the table**

INSERT INTO table\_name(column1, column2)

VALUES (value1, value2)

INSERT INTO table\_name

VALUES(value1,value2)

1. **Delete from the table**

DELETE FROM table\_name

DELETE FROM table\_name

WHERE age <30;

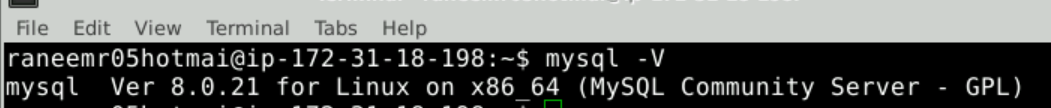
1. **Update from the table**

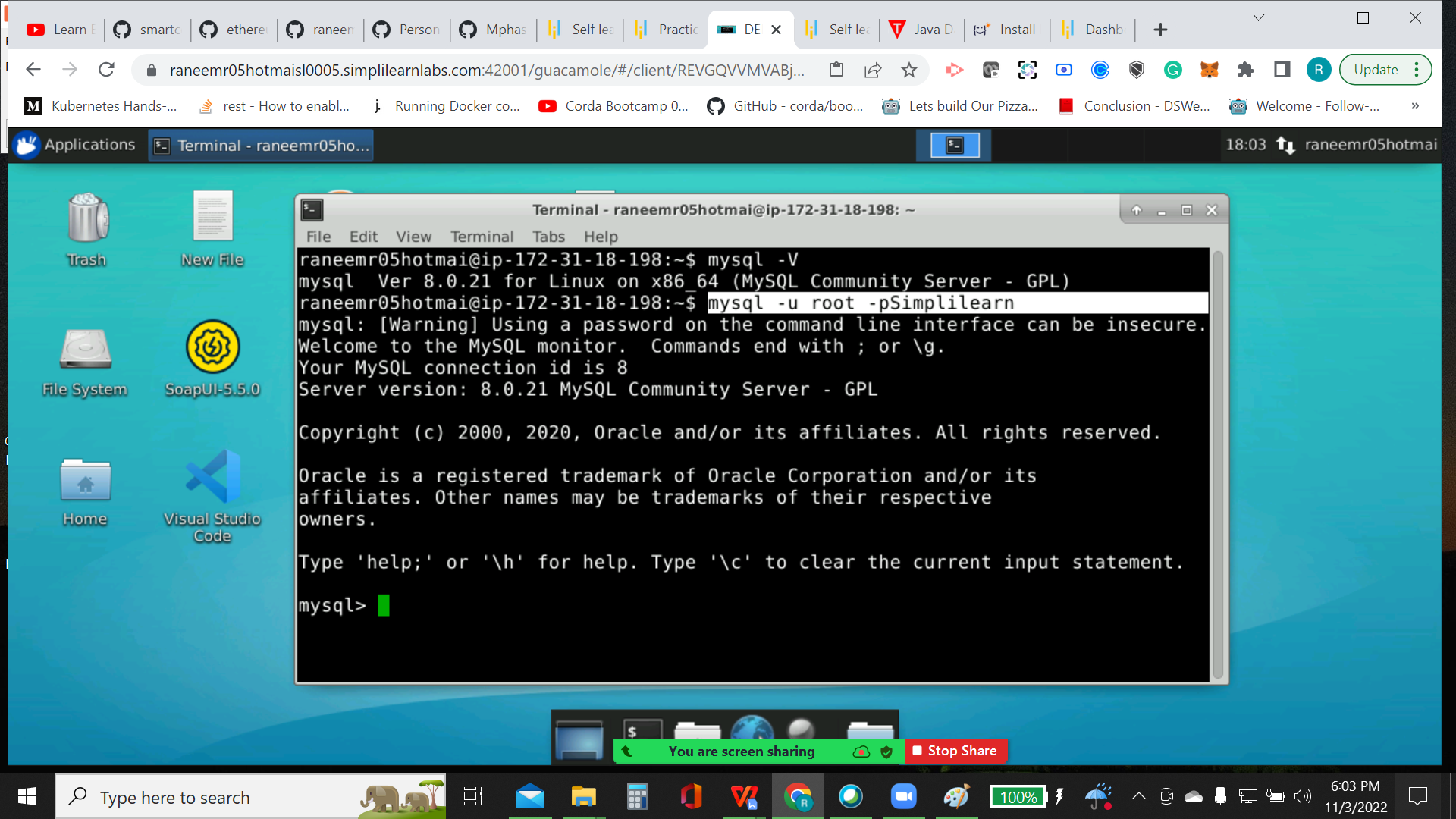
UPDATE table\_name

SET column1=value1, column2= value2

WHERE CONDITION id=1;

**Lab Environment**





**Show list of databases**

Show databases;

**Create database**

create database demo;

**Use Database**

Use demo

**Show Tables in Database**

Show tables;

**Create Table**

Create table employee(id int, name nvarchar(20), age int NOT NULL);

**JDBC**

* Establish connection with the DB
* Insert record to the DB
* View/Retrieve record from the DB
* Delete record
* Update record

Download the mysql connector jar file

* Download the jar file from <https://repo1.maven.org/maven2/mysql/mysql-connector-java/8.0.21/mysql-connector-java-8.0.21.jar>

**In Eclipse**

* Create New Project
* Right click on the project folder --> Build Path --> Configure Build Path --> In Libraries tab --> click on Add External JARs and upload your jar file here
* Click on Apply and Close
* You can see jar file in your Referenced Libraries on the left

**Create JDBCDemo.java class (Establish Connection)**

package com.db;

import java.sql.Connection;

import java.sql.DriverManager;

import java.sql.SQLException;

public class DBDemo {

public static final String DRIVER\_CLASS = "com.mysql.jdbc.Driver";

public static final String DB\_URL = "jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/demo";

public static final String USER = "root";

public static final String PASSWORD = "Simplilearn";

public static void main(String[] args) throws ClassNotFoundException, SQLException {

System.out.println("Connecting to the database....");

//Register the Driver

Class.forName(DRIVER\_CLASS);

//Connect with the DB

// we need URL, Username and password

Connection con = DriverManager.getConnection(DB\_URL, USER, PASSWORD);

System.out.println("Connection established with the DB");

}

}

**INSERT**

package com.db;

import java.sql.Connection;

import java.sql.DriverManager;

import java.sql.PreparedStatement;

import java.sql.ResultSet;

import java.sql.SQLException;

import java.sql.Statement;

public class DBDemo {

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public static final String DB\_URL = "jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/demo";

public static final String USER = "root";

public static final String PASSWORD = "Simplilearn";

public static final String QUERY ="Select \* from employee";

public static void main(String[] args) throws ClassNotFoundException, SQLException {

System.out.println("Connecting to the database....");

//Register the Driver

Class.forName(DRIVER\_CLASS);

//Connect with the DB

// we need URL, Username and password

Connection con = DriverManager.getConnection(DB\_URL, USER, PASSWORD);

if(con!= null)

{

System.out.println("Connection established");

}

else

{

System.out.println("Connection not established");

}

Statement stmt = con.createStatement();

//Insert record

String insert = "INSERT INTO employee VALUES (10,'Scott',35)";

stmt.executeUpdate(insert);

System.out.println("Record inserted successfully");

}

}

**View (SELECT Statement)**

package com.db;

import java.sql.Connection;

import java.sql.DriverManager;

import java.sql.PreparedStatement;

import java.sql.ResultSet;

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if(con!= null)

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System.out.println("Connection established");

}

else

{

System.out.println("Connection not established");

}

Statement stmt = con.createStatement();

//Insert record

String insert = "INSERT INTO employee VALUES (5,'Mathew',30)";

int i = stmt.executeUpdate(insert);

if(i>0)

{

System.out.println("Record inserted successfully");

}

else

{

System.out.println("Record not inserted");

}

System.out.println("Retrieving records from the DB.....");

String select = "Select \* from employee";

ResultSet rs = stmt.executeQuery(select);

while(rs.next())

{

//Display values

System.out.println("Id is " + rs.getInt("id"));

System.out.println("Name is " + rs.getString("name"));

System.out.println("Age is " + rs.getInt("age"));

}

}

}

PreparedStatement: It is a type of interface which provide set of methods which helps to do the operation on table like insert, del, update. It is also called as a pre-compiled query. Performance wise is faster than Statement.

"INSERT INTO employee VALUES (5,'Mathew',30)"

You will use variables so that you can take input from the user and insert it into the DB

“INSERT INTO employee VALUES (“+id+”,”’”+name+”’”……);

Dev spending a lot of time and effort in writing such query using Statement object.

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Statement stmt = con.createStatement();

//Insert record

String insert = "INSERT INTO employee VALUES (5,'Mathew',30)";

int i = stmt.executeUpdate(insert);

if(i>0)

{

System.out.println("Record inserted successfully");

}

else

{

System.out.println("Record not inserted");

}

PreparedStatement pstmt = con.prepareStatement("INSERT INTO employee values(?,?,?)");

pstmt.setInt(1, 7);

pstmt.setString(2, "William");

pstmt.setInt(3, 44);

int j = pstmt.executeUpdate();

System.out.println(j + "records inserted using PS");

System.out.println("Retrieving records from the DB.....");

String select = "Select \* from employee";

ResultSet rs = stmt.executeQuery(select);

while(rs.next())

{

//Display values

System.out.println("Id is " + rs.getInt("id"));

System.out.println("Name is " + rs.getString("name"));

System.out.println("Age is " + rs.getInt("age"));

}

}

}